

## Message Text

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12  
ACTION IO-11

INFO OCT-01 ACDA-05 AF-06 AID-05 ARA-06 CIAE-00 DODE-00

EB-07 EA-07 EUR-12 PM-04 H-02 INR-07 L-03 LAB-04

NEA-10 NSAE-00 NSC-05 OIC-02 PA-01 SP-02 SS-15

NSCE-00 SSO-00 USIE-00 INRE-00 PRS-01 ISO-00 /116 W  
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O P 220520Z JAN 76  
FM USMISSION USUN NEW YORK  
TO SECSTATE WASHDC IMMEDIATE 5458  
INFO USMISSION GENEVA PRIORITY  
AMCONGEN HONG KONG PRIORITY  
AMEMBASSY JAKARTA PRIORIT  
AMEMBASSY LISBON PRIORITY  
AMEMBASSY LONDON PRIORITY  
USMISSION NATO PRIORITY  
AMEMBASSY PARIS PRIORITY  
AMEMBASSY PRETORIA PRIORITY  
AMEMBASSY ROME PRIORITY  
AMEMBASSY VIENNA PRIORITY  
AMEMBASSY DAR ES SALAAM RRRIORITY  
AMEMBASSY BRASILIA  
AMEMBASSY LAGOS  
AMEMBASY NICOSIA  
AMEMBASSY OSLO  
AMEMBASSY OTTAWA  
AMEMBASY SANTIAGO  
AMEMBASSY STOCKHOLM  
AMEMBASSY TOKYO

C O N F I D E N T I A L SECTION 1 OF 3 USUN 213  
UNSUMMARY

E.O. 11652: GDS  
TAGS: OGEN  
SUBJ: USUN DAILY CLASSIFIED SUMMARY NO 11

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SC MIDDIEL EAST CONSULTATIONS --

IN CONSULTATIONS WITH SC PRESIDENT, U.S. SAID ARAB DRAFT RESOLUTION WAS NOT ACCEPTABLE SINCE IT ATTEMPTED TO CREATE A NEW MIDDLE EAST NEGOTIATING FRAMEWORK. EUROPEANS AND OTHERS HAD A VARIETY OF PROBLEMS WITH THE DRAFT, INCLUDING: ABSENCE OF ANY REFERENCE TO RESOLUTIONS 242 AND 338; FAILURE TO SPECIFY WITHDRAWAL TO 1967 (AS DISTINCT FROM EARLIER) BOUNDARIES; VAGUENESS OF PARAGRAPH ON GUARANTEES AND FACT GUARANTEES WERE TO BE ESTABLISHED AFTER PALESTINIAN RIGHTS HAD BEEN IMPLEMENTED AND ISRAELI WITHDRAWAL EFFECTED. THIS LED TO FAIRLY INTENSIVE NEGOTIATIONS, SWEDES AND FRENCH PLAYING MOST ACTIVE PART AND NON-ALIGNED ACTING AS INTERMEDIARIES WITH ARABS. A NEW WORKING PAPER HAS TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT SOME EUROPEAN CONCERNS, BUT FURTHER CHANGES ARE PROBABLE. CONSULTATIONS OF SC AS A WHOLE ARE SCHEDULED FOR JANUARY 22, WITH JANUARY 23 OR 24 STILL LIKELIEST DATES FOR VOTE.

ONE OF MORE REMARKABLE ASPECTS OF TIS SC DEBATE IS THE APPARENTLY TOTAL LACK OF CONNECTION WITH THE LEBANESE CRISIS. VIRTUALLY NO MENTION HAS BEEN MADE IN THE DEBATE OF DEVELOPMENTS IN LEBANON NOR, AS FAR AS WE CAN TELL, HAS THE DRAFTING PROCESS BEEN AFFECTED. THE GENERAL ATMOSPHERE OF THE DEBATE SEEMS SOMEWHAT LESS CONFRONTATIONAL, PARTICULARLY VIS-A-VIS THE U.S., THAN IN PREVIOUS SIMILAR EXERCISES, AND THERE SEEMS TO BE A BETTER COMPREHENSION OF THE SPECIAL POSITION OF A MEDIATOR. (CONFIDENTIAL -- OURTEL 212)

COMMENTS OF UN COMMISSIONER FOR NAMIBIA --

IN DISCUSSION WITH AMB MOYNIHAN, UN COMMISSIONER FOR NAMIBIA MACBRIDE OFFERED HIS APPRAISAL OF THE SITUATION IN ANGOLA AS ONE INVOLVING U.S. AND SOVIET RIVALRIES OVER BASE RIGHTS. AFTER AMB MOYNIHAN ARGUED U.S. HAD NO ASPIRATIONS FOR BASES IN AFRICA AND CERTAINLY NONE IN ANGOLA, MACBRIDE SAID IT WOULD BE TO OUR FAVOR TO ANNOUNCE PUBLICLY U.S. DID NOT ASPIRE TO BASES IN EITHER ANGOLA OR NAMIBIA. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN PRETORIA AND UN HAD NARROWED CONSIDERABLY, WITH AGREEMENT NAMIBIA IS INTERNATIONAL TERRITORY WHICH SHOULD EXERCISE CONFIDENTIAL

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SELF-DETERMINATION AS A UNITARY ENTITY, BUT DISAGREEMENT ON UN'S ROLE IN NAMIBIAN ELECTIONS, MACBRIDE EXPLAINED. (CONFIDENTIAL -- OURTEL 203)

VIEWS OF SOUTH AFRICAN REPRESENTATIVE --

SOUTH AFRICAN PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE BOTHA DESCRIBED TO AMB MOYNIHAN THE PROMISING PROGRESS WHICH WAS BEING MADE

IN SOUTHERN AFRICA BY THE VORSTER GOVERNMENT BUT WHICH IS NOW BEING JEOPARDIZED BY DEVELOPMENTS IN ANGOLA. HE SAID THERE ARE 10,000 CUBAN INFANTRYMEN IN ANGOLA, SOUTH AFRICA'S PRESENCE THERE IS AT THE REQUEST OF SEVERAL AFRICAN COUNTRIES, AND HE COULD CONFIRM THAT NIGERIA AND GHANA RECEIVED BRIBES FROM THE SOVIET UNION IN RETURN FOR RECOGNITION OF THE MPLA. IN BOTHA'S VIEW, THE RESULTS OF THE OAU CONFERENCE IN ADDIS ABABA REPRESENTED A "GREAT VICTORY". HE SPOKE OF THOUSANDS OF ANGOLAN REFUGEES ARRIVING IN WALVIS BAY SEEKING HELP AND OF THE PROSPECT THAT ANGOLA WILL FACE FAMINE. HE ANTICIPATED CONSIDERABLE DISCUSSION OF ANGOLA AT THE UPCOMING SECURITY COUNCIL DEBATE ON NAMIBIA, AND SAID IF THE SC LABELS "ALL" INTERVENTION IN ANGOLA AS CONSTITUTING A "THREAT TO INTERNATIONAL SECURITY" SOUTH AFRICA COULD GO ALONG WITH IT BUT COULD NOT ACCEPT BEING SINGLES OUT AS IS NOW THE CASE IN THE SWAPO DRAFT. BOTHA ASKED THAT THE U.S. AND OTHERS ACKNOWLEDGE THE PROGRESS BEING MADE AT THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONFERENCE IN WINDHOEK. (CONFIDENTIAL -- OURTEL 204)

TERRORISM --

INFORMAL TRANSLATION OF POST-VIENNA JOINT STATEMENT BY PRESIDENTS OF COLOMBIA AND VENEZUELA INDICATED THEY "AGREED TO PROPOSE FORMALLY TO THE UN THE CONVENING OF A SPECIAL MEETING TO ANALYZE THE PRESENT GROWING LACK OF SECURITY AND TO APPROVE A TREATY WITH CONCRETE NORMS IN ORDER TO PREVENT AND CONDEMN RAPIDLY AND SEVERELY ACTS OF TERRORISM". ALTHOUGH VENEZUELAN AMB CONSALVI MENTIONED TERRORISM TO SYG WALDHEIM DECEMBER 24, THE SECRETARIAT STATES THAT HE DID NOT REQUEST A SPECIAL GA SESSION. NEITHER THE VENEZUELAN NOR COLOMBIAN MISSIONS HAS REQUESTED THE SECRETARIAT TO BEGIN POLLING THE UN MEMBERSHIP ON A POSSIBLE SPECIAL CONFIDENTIAL

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SESSION (THIS IS WHAT IS ENVISAGED BY THE GA RULES OF PROCEDURE WHICH REQUIRE THE AGREEMENT OF A MAJORITY OF THE 144 MEMBERS TO CALL A SPECIAL SESSION). (CONFIDENTIAL -- OURTEL 208)  
MOYNIHAN

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ACTION IO-11

INFO OCT-01 ACDA-05 AF-06 AID-05 ARA-06 CIAE-00 DODE-00

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O P 220545Z JAN 76

FM USMISSION USUN NEW YORK

TO SECSTATE WASHDC IMMEDIATE 5459

INFO USMISSION GENEVA PRIORITY

AMCONGEN HONG KONG PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY JAKARTA PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY LISBON PRIORITY

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AMEMBASSY OSLO

AMEMBASSY OTTAWA

AMEMBASSY SANTIAGO

AMEMBASSY STOCKHOLM

AMEMBASSY TOKYO

C O N F I D E N T I A L SECTION 2 OF 3 USUN 213

UNSUMMARY

BEGIN UNCLASSIFIED

SECURITY COUNCIL -- MIDDLE EAST  
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THE SC HEARD STATEMENTS IN THE MIDDLE EAST DEBATE JANUARY 21  
BY REPRESENTATIVES OF LIBYA, SUDAN, BULGARIA, TUNISIA,  
HUNGARY, ALGERIA AND POLAND. NO DRAFT RESOLUTION HAS

YET BEEN SUBMITTED. THE COUNCIL WILL MEET AGAIN AT 10:30 A.M., JANUARY 22, TO HEAR THE REMAINING SPEAKERS IN THE DEBATE (DEMOCRATIC YEMEN, CUBA, CZECHOSLOVAKIA AND TANZANIA).

LIBYA -- KIKHIA, WHO FOUND "UNIVERSAL FAVORABLE RESPONSE" TO THE DEMAND FOR RESPECT FOR THE INALIENABLE NATIONAL RIGHTS OF THE PALESTINIAN PEOPLE, DECLARED THAT PEACE WOULD NEVER COME TO THE MIDDLE EAST AS LONG AS THE ZIONISTS DID NOT WITHDRAW FROM THE OCCUPIED TERRITORIES AND RECOGNIZE THE RIGHTS OF THE PALESTINIANS. HE REVIEWED DEVELOPMENTS OVER THE YEARS, BEGINNING WITH THE BALFOUR DECLARATION WHICH WAS "A ZIONIST-BRITISH CONSPIRACY" AGAINST THE PALESTINIANS. HE FAVORED SANCTIONS AGAINST THE DEFIANT ZIONIST REGIME, QUESTIONED ITS UN MEMBERSHIP, AND SAID THAT THE ANTI-ARAB PROPAGANDA OF THE ZIONISTS LED TO "RACIAL AGGRESSION". THE UNLIMITED SUPPORT WHICH THE U.S. GAVE TO THE ZIONISTS HARMED ITS RELATIONS WITH THE ARAB STATES, AND THE U.S. WAS TRYING TO "BMACKMAIL" STATES WHICH DID NOT GO ALONG WITH ITS POLICIES, HE CHARGED.

SUDAN-- MEDANI REFERRED TO ISRAEL'S NEGATIVE ATTITUDE, AND SAID LASTING PEACE COULD NOT BE ACHIEVED "WITHOUT RECOGNITION OF THE INALIENABLE RIGHTS OF THE PALESTINIANS AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE INDEPENDENT PALESTINIAN AUTHORITY". HE RECALLED THAT THE U.S. REPRESENTATIVE STATES "CHANGES IMPOSED ON THE PARTIES AND WHICH ARE UNACCEPTABLE TO ANY OF THEM, HOWEVER GREAT THE GOOD WILL, WILL NOT WORK". HOW, HE ASKED, COULD SUCH A STATEMENT BE VALID WHILE ISRAEL WAS PERSISTING IN BOYCOTTING THE SC DEBATE IN SPITE OF THE MANY APPEALS MADE TO IT? HE SHARED THE VIEW THAT RESOLUTION 242 WAS "VAGUE, DEFECTIVE AND INADEQUATE", SAID THE 1973 WAR OF LIBERATION WAS A PRODUCT OF THAT INADEQUATE RESOLUTION, AGREED ADDITIONAL MEASURES WERE NEEDED TO ACHIEVE PEACE, AND STATED THAT THE GA RESOLUTIONS LAID DOWN THE CONDITIONS.

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BULGARIA -- GROZEV BELIEVED THAT THE CENTRALITY OF THE PALESTINE PROBLEM WAS NOW EVIDENT TO ALL. "AN ILLUSORY TRUCE" IN THE MIDDLE EAST WAS NO SUBSTITUTE FOR A JUST AND LASTING PEACE, BASED ON THE RESOLUTIONS OF THE SC AND GA, APPLIED IN ALL THEIR PARTS AND TO ALL THE PARTIES. THE OPPORTUNITY FOR PEACE SHOULD NOT BE LOST, AND THE SC SHOULD SEEK RESUMPTION OF THE GENEVA CONFERENCE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

TUNISIA -- DRISS SAID TUNISIA BELIEVED IN A "STEP-BY-STEP" APPROACH, AND PARTICIPATION IN THE DEBATE OF THE PLO WAS

AN ENCOURAGING STEP FORWARD. HE CALLED ISRAEL'S ABSENCE A "DIPLOMATIC BLUNDER". HE THOUGHT THE SC SHOULD NOT REFRAIN FROM ANY INITIATIVE MERELY BECAUSE IT WAS NOT TO THE LIKING OF THE TEL AVIV GOVERNMENT. THE PRIME DIFFICULTY WAS NOT THE OBJECTIVE OF A PALESTINIAN STATE, BUT WAYS AND MEANS OF BRINGING IT ABOUT. RESOLUTION 242 WAS "NO LONGER RELEVANT", IT HAD BEEN SUPERSEDED BY EVENTS AND THE GA RESOLUTIONS. THE SPECTRE OF A FIFTH WAR HOVERED OVER THE PRESENT DEBATE, HE SAID, ASKING IF THAT WAS NECESSARY BEFORE THERE WAS THE INEVITABLE CREATION OF A PALESTINIAN STATE.

HUNGARY-- HOLLAI BELIEVED THE SC SHOULD FOLLOW THE WAY AND EXAMPLE SET BY THE GA. THE MOST APPROPRIATE FORUM FOR A GLOBAN SOLUTION REMAINED THE GENEVA CONFERENCE, WHICH SHOULD BE RECONVENED SOON WITH THE EQUAL PARTICIPATION OF THE PLO AND WITH NO PRECONDITIONS SET FOR ITS PARTICIPATION.

ALGERIA-- RAHAL SAID THAT INITIATIVES OUTSIDE THE UN HAD ONLY "SCRAPED THE SURFACE". HE DID NOT WANT TO MINIMIZE THE VALUE OF THE PRESENCE OF THE UN FORCES IN THE AREA OR "THE MERITS OF AMERICAN DIPLOMACY", BUT AT BEST THE BENEFITS COULD BE ONLY TEMPORARY BECAUSE THEY DID NOT DEAL WITH THE BASIC ISSUE. HE STRESSED THAT THE PALESTINIAN QUESTION HAD TO BE GIVEN PRIORITY AS THE CENTRAL ELEMENT IN THE MIDDLE EAST PROBLEM AND THE WILL OF THE PALESTINIAN PEOPLE COULD NOT BE REGARDED AS "SUBJECT TO BARGAINING". THE SC SHOULD REAFFIRM THE RIGHTS OF THE PALESTINIANS AND DEFINE WHAT WAS NEGOTIABLE AND WHAT WAS NOT NEGOTIABLE IN A MIDDLE EAST SETTLEMENT. IN HIS VIEW, CONFIDENTIAL

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THE FOLLOWING PRINCIPLES SHOULD BE REGARDED AS NON-NEGOTIABLE: THAT THE PALESTINIANS WERE THE PARTY FIRST AND FOREMOST CONCERNED IN A MIDDLE EAST SETTLEMENT; THAT THE PLO WAS THE GENUINE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE PALESTINIAN PEOPLE; THAT THE PALESTINIANS HAD THE RIGHT TO RETURN TO THEIR HOMES AND RECOVER THEIR PROPERTY AND THAT, AS A PEOPLE, THEY HAD THE RIG T TO DETERMINE THEIR OWN FUTURE. RAHAL SAID THAT INSISTING ON RESOLUTION 242 AS THE FRAMEWORK FOR NEGOTIATIONS COULD ONLY "PARALYZE" ANY ACTION TOWARD A SETTLEMENT.

POLAND -- JOROSZEK ASSERTED THAT THOSE WHO STILL DENIED THE PALESTINIANS THE FIGHT TO EXIST WILL HAVE TO START TALKING WITH THEM, AND THE SOONER IT HAPPENED, THE BETTER FOR ALL CONCERNED. IT WAS REGRETTABLE, THOUGH NOT SURPRISING, THAT ISRAEL, INSTEAD OF JOINING THE COUNCIL DISCUSSION, HAD CHOSEN TO OBSTRUCT YET ANOTHER UN EFFORT, HE SAID, ADDING THAT ISRAEL EVEN DISCRIMINATED AGAINST A SUBSTANTIAL

PART OF THE UN PEACEKEEPING FORCE, INCLUDING THE POLISH  
COTINGENT. (REPEATED INFO ABU DHABI, ALGIERS, AMMAN, BEIRUT,  
BUCHAREST, CAIRO, COTONOU, DAMASCUS, DOHA, GEORGETOWN,  
ISLAMABAD, JIDDA, KUWAIT, MANAMA, MOSCOW, MUSCAT, PANAMA,  
RABAT, STOCKHOLM, TEHRAN, TEL AVIV, TOKYO, TRIPOLI, TUNIS,  
JERUSALEM, BAGHDAD, USLO PEKING)  
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O P 220520Z JAN 76

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TO SECSTATE WASHDC IMMEDIATE 5460

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AMEMBASSY OSLO

AMEMBASSY OTTAWA

AMEMBASSY SANTIAGO

AMEMBASSY STOCKHOLM

AMEMBASSY TOKYO

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UNSUMMARY

COMMITTEE AGAINST APARTHEID--

STATEMENTS DENOUNCING "SOUTH AFRICAN AGGRESSION IN ANGOLA"  
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AND CALLING FOR IMMEDIATE WITHDRAWAL OF SOUTH AFRICAN FORCES AND MERCENARIES FROM THAT COUNTRY WERE MADE IN COMITE JANUARY 21 BY CHAIRMAN CISSE (GUINEA), RAPPORTEUR VALDERRAMA (PHILIPPINES), AND REPRESENTATIVES OF HUNGARY, GDR, UKRAINE, PAN AFRICANIST CONGRESS OF AZANIA (PAC) AND AFRICAN NATIONAL CONGRESS OF SOUTH AFRICAN (ANC). THE COMITE DECIDED THAT CHAIRMAN CISSE SHOULD MAKE A STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF THE COMITE AT THE FORTHCOMING SC MEETINGS ON NAMIBIA (SHE WILL ALSO SPEAK AS CURRENT CHAIRMAN OF THE AFRICAN GROUP). THE COMITE ALSO COMPLETED ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE CHAIRMAN'S MISSION TO LONDON, CAIRO, ACCRA AND CONAKRY FROM JANUARY 26 TO FEBRUARY 9. MEMBERS OF THE SUBCOMITE ON PETITIONS AND INFORMATION ARE: ALGERIA (CHAIRMAN), GDR, INDIA, SOMALIA, TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO. MEMBERS OF THE SUBCOMITE ON IMPLEMENTATION OF UN RESOLUTIONS AND COLLABORATION WITH SOUTH AFRICA ARE: MALYASIA (CHAIRMAN), GHANA, HUNGARY, NEPAL AND PERU.

--CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT--

MADAME CISSE REVIEWED DEVELOPMENTS DURING THE 30 YEARS SINCE THE UN FIRST BECAME SEIZED OF "THE PROBLEMOF RACIST DOMINATION IN SOUTH AFRICA" AND RECALLED SOME OF THE COMITE'S ACHIEVEMENTS. SHE THEN WENT ON TO TEXPRESS CONCERN OVER RECENT ATTITUDES OF SOME STATES TOWARD THE SOUTH AFRICAN REGIME AND ITS AGGRESSION IN ANGOLA, CLAIMING THERE WAS AN ATTEMPT TO UNDO THE ADVANCES WHICH HAVE BEEN MADE IN THESE 30 YEARS IN INTERNATIONAL ACTION AGAINST APARTHEID. SHE STATED: "ONE GREAT POWER HAS EVENTRIED TO WEAKEN THE ACTION AGAINST THE SOUTH AFRICAN REGIME BY DESCRIBING IT AS 'SELECTIVE CONDEMNATION', USING A PHRASE FROM SOUTH AFRICAN PROPAGANDA. AN ORGANIZATION IN NEW YORK, WHICH HAS ARROGATED TO ITSELF THE ROLE OF JUDGING FREEDOM, HAS CLAIMED THAT SOUTH AFRICA HAS MORE FREEDOM THAN SOME INDEPENDENT AFRICAN COUNTRIES. THEY MAY PERHAPS SOON FIND THAT THERE WAS MORE FREEDOM UNDER SLAVERY IN THE UNITED STATES THAN AFTER THE CIVIL WAR\*

"A HIGH OFFICIAL OF THE USA RECENTLY ASKED THAT WE SHOULD CONSIDER THE PLUSES AND MINUSES OF THE WITHDRAWAL OF SOUTH AFRICAN AGGRESSORS FROM ANGOLA", SHE CONTINUED. "ONE WOULD



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HAVE THOUGHT THAT AFTER ALL THESE YEARS OF UN CONSIDERATION, IT WAS AGREED THAT THE RACIST REGIME MUST BE MADE TO WITHDRAW NOT ONLY FROM ANGOLA, BUT ALSO FROM NAMIBIA AND FROM SOUTH AFRICA ITSELF--IN FACT, FROM THE FACE OF THIS EARTH\* IF I HAVE BEEN CONSTRAINED TO REFER SPECIFICALLY TO THE USA, IT IS WITH DISTRESS BECAUSE WE HAVE A RIGHT TO EXPECT COOPERATION FROM THIS COUNTRY WHICH HAS REPEATEDLY PROTESTED ITS ABHORRENCE OF APARTHEID. A FEW MONTHS AGO, IN JUNE, A SPECIAL MISSION OF THE COMITE, COMPOSED OF THE FORMER CHAIRMAN, AMB OGBU, THE RAPPORTEUR AND THE DISTINGUISHED AMBASSADOR OF SOMALIA, MADE A VISIT TO WASHINGTON TO APPEAL FOR SUCH COOPERATION".

CONTINUING, MADAME CISSE CHARGED THAT THE FACTS ARE ABSOLUTELY CLEAR REGARDING SOUTH AFRICAN AGGRESSION IN ANGOLA. BUT TO HER ASTONISHMENT AND REGRET, SOME POWERS, WHICH HAVE SPECIAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACE, SUGGEST THAT THERE SHOULD BE A BARGIN OVER SOUTH AFRICAN AGGRESSION. THE SOUTH AFRICAN FORCES MUST BE FORCED TO WITHDRAW UNCONDITIONALLY, SHE DECLARED. IT SEEMED TO HER THAT THE COMITE AND ALL OPPONENTS OF APARTHEID MUST DENOUNCE AND FRUSTRATE THE MOVES TO REINFORCE THE LINKS BETWEEN SOUTH AFRICA AND THE WESTERN POWERS. (FULL TEXT BEING POUCHED DEPARTMENT)

--OTHER STATEMENTS--

RAPPORTEUR VALDERRAMA (PHILIPPINES), AFTER SPEAKING OF RESERVES SENT TO ANGOLA, STATED THAT IN FACE OF PRETORIA'S MASSIVE MILITARY BUILD-UP FULL IMPLEMENTATION OF THE ARMS EMBARGO AGAINST SOUTH AFRICA WAS IMPERATIVE. IN COMMENTING ON THE SOFTBALL CHAMPIONSHIPS TO BE HELD INNEW ZEALAND, HE NOTED THAT THE US SOFTBALL TEAM SAID IT WOULD RECONSIDER ITS PARTICIPATION IF, IN ITS VIEW, THERE WAS RACIAL DISCRIMINATION IN THE SELECTION OF TE SOUTH AFRICAN TEAM. HE MENTIONED REPORTS THAT MEXICO, ARGENTINA, JAPAN AND SINGAPORE MIGHT NOT PARTICIPATE.

AMB HOLLAI (HUNGARY) SAID THE ROLE BEING PLAYED BY THE SOVIET UNION AND CUBA IN ANGOLA IS MORAL AND ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE; IT IS NOT INTERVENTION. SOUTH AFRICA RESORTED  
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TO OPEN AGGRESSION AGAINST INDEPENDENT STATE OF ANGOLA, AND

"THIS MONSTROUS AGGRESSION MUST NOT SUCCEED", HE DECLARED.  
FLORIN (GDR), WHO ACCUSED BOTH SOUTH AFRICA AND ISRAEL  
OF THREATENING PEACE, ASSERTED THAT THE COMITE MUST CONDEMN  
"THE BRUTAL SOUTH AFRICAN AGGRESSION AGAINST ANGOLA".  
MARTYNENKO (UKRAINE) ACCUSED IMPERIALISTS OF SUPPORTING SOUTH  
AFRICAN "AGGRESSION AGAINST ANGOLA".

SIBEKO (PAC) SAID THAT BOTH US AND FRENCH WEAPONS WERE  
BEING USED BY THE SOUTH AFRICAN ARMY AGAINST MPLA, AND  
THERE WAS CIA AND NATO INVOLVEMENT. THE SOUTH AFRICAN ARMY,  
HE STATED, HAD BEEN PROVEN TO BE A "PAPER TIGER".  
ACCELERATION OF THE ARMED STRUGGLE INSIDE AZANIA ITSELF  
WAS THE QUICKEST WAY APARTHEID AND ITS THREAT COULD BE  
CONATINED, HE SAID, CALLING FOR ASSISTANCE TO LIBERATION  
MOVEMENTS. MHLAMBISO (ANC) UNEQUIVOCALLY SUPPORTED MPLA.  
(REPEATED INFO CAPETOWN, LUSAKA, MOSCOW, WELLINGTON)

END UNCLASSIFIED

MOYNIHAN

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## Message Attributes

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